

REPORT NO.

197397

U.S.R.

CONFIDENTIAL

DATE DISTR. 17 May 1948

SUBJECT

1. Dnepropetrovsk Metallurgical Institute
2. Special Construction Bureau #16
3. Central Institute of Air Armament

NO. OF PAGES 3

PLACE
ACQUIRED

NO. OF ENCLS.
(LISTED BELOW)

DATE OF INFO

25X1A

SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

25X1X

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CLASSIFICATION		SECRET	
STATE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAVY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NSRE	DISTRIBUTION
ARMY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AIR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

the document is hereby regraded to
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President of the United States.

Review Date: 2008

Document No.

NO CHANGE in Class

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CLASS

DDA 12209

Auth: DDA REG. 7/1/1977

Date: 2 MAY 1966 02

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Pavlenko: Docent of Metal Sciences; taught course in resistance of materials. This is the Pavlenko mentioned in Kravchenko's I Chose Freedom as being an NKVD agent. Source says that Kravchenko's allegations concerning him are true.

Darsky: Docent of Electro-metallurgy

Khitrik: Docent of Electro-metallurgy

Chukrasov: Docent of Machine Parts

Vaishvilo: Physical Culture

Ivanov: Chief of Physical Culture Department

Krips: Physical Culture

Yevreinov: Professor of Arden Mining Institute, Dnepropetrovsk; arrested in 1936.

Ivanov: Professor of Geology, as above.

Tsiplakov: Director of the Dnepropetrovsk Metallurgical Institute

Ulasovich: Secretary of the Komsomol at the Institute and later secretary of CP in Western Ukraine.

Kuzin: Secretary of CP at the Institute

Stetsenko, Aleksei: Profsoyuz writer

Klashtorni: Commander of the Institute

Georgiyevskaya, Valya: Niece of Academician Dinnik; was engineer-laboratory technician of test materials.

Milashov, Kostya: Student of the Institute; graduated in 1936. Boxing champion of the Ukraine.

Kuznetsov: Student of the Institute; later foreman of the second heat treatment guild at the Stalin Automobile Factory in Moscow. Also secretary of the Stalin Automobile Factory Komsomol organization.

Tsitulka, Lalya: Student of the Dnepropetrovsk Mining Institute. Former tennis champion. Excluded from the Institute after the arrest of her father, a colonel in the Soviet Army.

Rappaport: Student of Dnepropetrovsk Metallurgical Institute, 1938; postgraduate student under Professor Gvishnikov.

Osion: Postgraduate student, 1938

Teachers ranks are as follows:

Academician (highest)

Professor

Docent (associate professor)

Assistant (instructor)

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Scientific degrees:

Academician

Doctor of Sciences

Candidate of Sciences

Engineer

3. At the Metallurgical Institute of Dnepropetrovsk (1933-1938) first-year students received lectures on infantry tactics, small firearms, and military regulations. Starting with their third year, small groups of the older and politically reliable students were assembled and organized into so-called VVP (higher pre-military training - visshaya voinskaya podgotovka); between 30% and 40% of the students were so enrolled. These students were taught aviation sciences and other subjects deemed necessary for the training of pilots and navigators. In the summer, two months were spent at camps of aviation units. At the end of the second year, all VVP students received the rank of junior lieutenant flyer or navigator. All other students at the institute continued in military subjects as before. At the end of the course at the institute, all students were required to serve in the Army for a year as soldiers, whereas the VVP students after graduating from the institute were required to continue their education and were not to be enrolled in the Army.

Special Construction Bureau #16 (Osoboye Konstruktorское Buro #16--OKB 16)

4. OKB 16, located in Moscow, is under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Armament. The chief of OKB 16 is Nudelman. In 1940, three students who graduated from the Military Air Engineering Academy were admitted as workers. This organization is concerned with the development and construction of new types of air armament. Nudelman and his assistant, Bundin, received Stalin Prizes on two occasions for the construction of 37 mm. and 45 mm. automatic guns which are mounted in aircraft.
5. In 1942, six or seven OKBs displayed their types of Tommy-guns to the Bureau of "Shipitalni and Shragin" (?). There is an OKB of the Artillery Academy and another under Degtarev, instructor in armaments of Kovrov and other institutions.

Central Institute of Air Armament

6. This institute, located in a suburb of Moscow, was organized in 1942; its present chief is Colonel Main. Its most important function is the construction of air armament.

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